Outcomes Management with the CAFAS: Helping Wraparound Get Better at Improving Functional Outcomes for Youth While Providing Program Accountability

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What's the Impetus for an Outcome Management?



Demand for Increased Accountability

- Funders performance considered in pay
- Consumers
- Standards

Demand to Use Available Empirical Knowledge Base

- Empirically-based assessments
- EBTs
- EIPs

Increased Expectations about Data Availability

- From funders
- Practitioners need to provide effective services
- Timely data aggregation
 & analysis needed for CQI action cycle

Assessment-Related Best Practices for Child Welfare*

Mental Health Screening & Assessment Guidelines

- Stage 1 Screening for Emergent (Acute) Risk
 - Within 72 hours of entry into foster care
- Stage 2 Screening for Ongoing Mental Health Service Needs
 - Within 30 days of entry into foster care
- Comprehensive Assessment for Children with Positive Screening Results
 - Within 60 days of positive screening (or sooner if severe)
- Ongoing Screening and Assessment for Mental Health Service Needs
 - At least once per year
 - When significant behavioral changes are observed
 - When significant environmental changes occur
 - Prior to leaving system

Outcome Tracking Best Practices for Child Welfare*

<u>Guidelines for Psychosocial Interventions</u>

- Includes outcomes tracking to evaluate effectiveness of intervention for each youth
- Specifies assessment of psychosocial functioning

Outcome Measurement and Outcomes Management

Performance Measurement System

Various indicators of organizational performance

Outcomes Management



Interpretation and use of outcome data

Outcome Measurement

Psychosocial Functioning

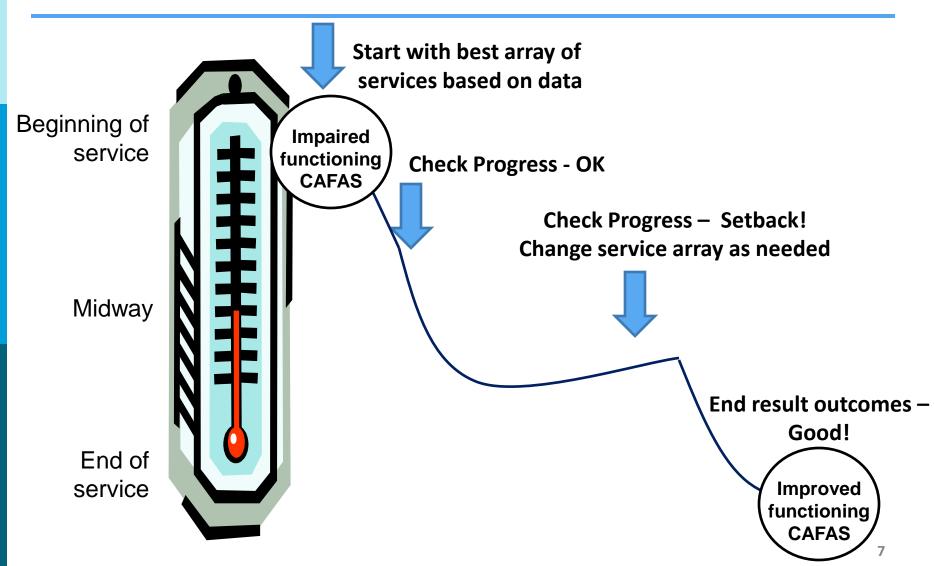
- CAFAS
 - Comprehensive
 - Practitioner-Rated
- •JIFF
- Screening
- •Self-Administered, Computerized





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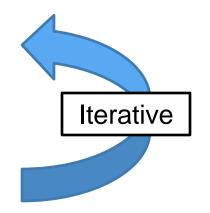
Outcome Measurement: Driving Towards Satisfactory Outcome: "Outcome-ometer"



Outcome Indicators: Determine if "Real", Meaningful Change is Achieved

Outcome indicators serve as

- Target goals (motivational)
- Measure of success
- Direction for improvement
- Measure of gains after improvement

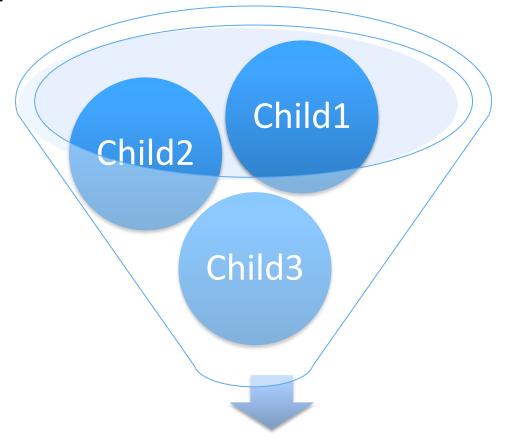


Instantaneous access is critical to impact



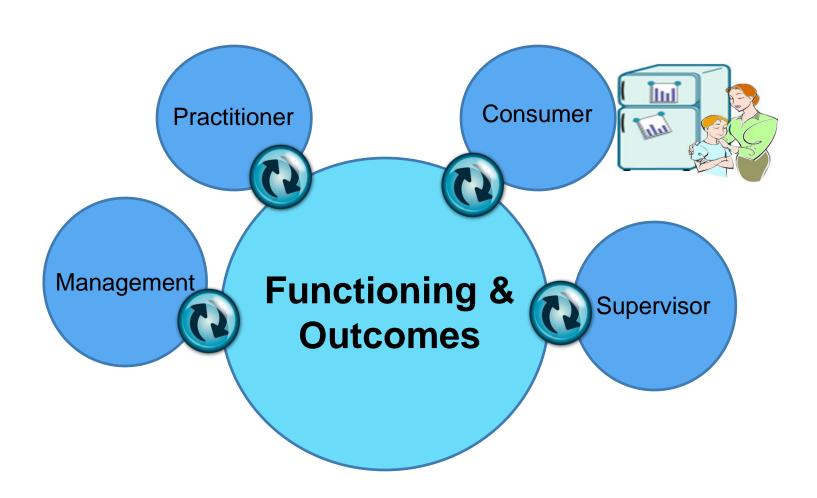
- Practitioner → guides case-decision making
- Families → engages and puts them in "driver's seat"
- Supervisors → shapes proactive, problem-solving, collaborative approach
- Management → informs program development

Results for Outcome Indicators: Aggregated Data Used by Agency to Improve Service Effectiveness



Aggregated Data to Inform Policy and Practice

Integration of Assessment and Outcome Information at All Levels of the Organization



Benefits of Organizational **(i)** Commitment to Data Integration



Improving consumer outcomes

→ Effectiveness



Using optimal approach

→ Efficiency



Accountable, flexible organization



Viability

Outcome Measures

CAFAS® JIFF®

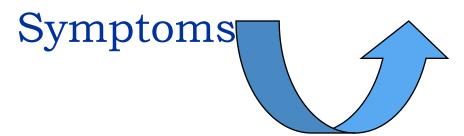
CAFAS® and JIFF® Assess Functioning

"Real World"

Behavior



Day-to Day Functioning



CAFAS® SUBSCALES





School/Work



Home



Community



Behavior Toward Others



Moods/Emotions



Self-Harmful Behavior



Substance Use



Thinking

CAFAS®: The Essentials

- Each of the 8 subscales has problems, strengths and goals.
- For problems, raters select behavioral descriptors that describe child's severest functioning in the last 3 months.
- All items are classified as either:

•	Severe	Moderate	Mild	Minimal/None
•	30	20	10	O

- Based on these selections, youth are assigned a score for each subscale. These scores are summed together.
- Higher score = greater impairment
- Total score for youth ranges from 0 to 240





Four large data sets, >80 articles, 21 years old

- CAFAS detects differences between groups
 - Levels of intensity of care
 - Settings differing in restrictiveness
 - Severity of psychiatric diagnosis
 - Specific problematic behaviors and risk factors
- CAFAS at intake predicts outcomes:
 - Restrictiveness of treatment setting
 - Cost of services
 - Number of services
 - School truancy
 - Contact with the law

Summary: Research on CAFAS®

CAFAS is a robust measure of outcome

- Used to evaluate treatment effectiveness for different types of programs and evidence-informed practices
 - School-based, clinic, residential, Treatment Foster Care, EBTs
- Demonstrated ability to evaluate outcomes for diverse types of clients
 - Differing in presenting problem, referral source, risk factors, geographical location, and demographic variables.

CAFAS ® **Performance Indicators**

- Measures of outcome
- Based on over 15 years of research
- Objective and clinically meaningful
- Useful for treatment planning

Clinical Markers –

Client's current status

Outcome Indicators – Client's change over time

Menu of Clinical Markers & Outcome Indicators



- Total Score (Total of 8 youth subscales)
 - Outcome Meaningful and Reliable Improvement
- # of Severe Impairments
 - Outcome Reduction in Severe Impairments to 0
- Pervasive Behavior Impairment
 - Outcome Absence of Pervasive Behavioral Impairment
- CAFAS Tiers Client Types
- Improve Child Management Skills (PMT)

Change in Total Score: Meaningful & Reliable Improvement

- Defined as a reduction in the CAFAS total score by 20 points or greater
- Corresponds to more than 1/2 standard deviation and is equivalent to an effect size of .50 (a medium effect)

Changes in CAFAS Total Score from Initial to Most Recent CAFAS

Score changed from 120 at Initial to 60 at Most Recent

Change in Total Score: 60 The difference reflect: Meaningful and reliable IMPROVEMENT!!!

No Severe Impairments

- Criteria: No severe impairments on any youth subscales
- Why is it important?
- □ A severe impairment jeopardizes the youth's development in one or more areas.
- Meets mantra: "In school, at home, and out of (serious) trouble with the law."
- Translates to youth is not in danger and others are not in danger because of the youth

Severe Impairments: 0 - The absence of severe impairments is a strength for this youth.

Change in Severe Impairment(s): 2 at Initial and 0 at Most Recent - IMPROVEMENT!!!

Pervasive Behavioral Impairment

- Moderate or severe impairment on <u>all three</u> of the following CAFAS subscales:
 - School, Home, & Behavior Toward Others
- Research showed it was the best predictor of likelihood of youth not getting better with treatment-as-usual
- At least 25% of youth from ages 6 to 17 meet criteria
- Indicator of need for "extra strength" treatment



What's this?

Pervasive Behavioral Impairment is : Absent

Change in Pervasive Behavioral Impairments: IMPROVEMENT!!!

CAFAS Tiers®

• The CAFAS software identifies the youth's "CAFAS Tier" (also called CAFAS Types)

CAFAS Tier®: Substance use

- Purpose of the CAFAS Tiers
 - Simplify data to make more meaningful
 - Clinicians use to link clients to clinical pathways
- Method for Determining
 - "Glance" at CAFAS profile
 - Which subscales are rated as severe or moderate?
 - Assign to first client type youth qualifies for (i.e., hierarchically arranged)

CAFAS Tiers ®: Hierarchical Client Types

Thinking Problems

Maladaptive Substance Use

Adolescent Specialties

Self-Harmful Potential (includes severe depression or anxiety)

Delinquency

Behavior Problems with Moderate Mood Disturbance

Behavior Problems without Mood

Moderate Mood

Mild Behavior Problems and/or Mood Problems

Determining CAFAS Tiers ®

- Thinking (30 or 20 on Thinking subscale)
- Maladaptive Substance Use (30 or 20 on Substance Use subscale)
- Self-Harmful Potential (30 or 20 on Self-Harmful or 30 on Moods/Emotions subscales)
- Delinquency (30 or 20 on Community subscale)
- Behavior Problems with Moderate Mood Disturbance (30 or 20 on School, Home, or BTO subscales & 20 on Moods/Emotions subscales)
- Behavior Problems without Mood (30 or 20 on School, Home, or BTO subscales)
- Moderate Mood(20 on Moods/Emotions subscale)
- Mild Behavior and/or Mood (10 on any subscale)

Candidate for PMT

- Youth are identified who may potentially benefit from their caregivers improving their child management skills (e.g., Parent Management Training - PMT), as part of <u>initial</u> treatment.
- Consider PMTO:
 - Home Scale is severe or moderate
 - No Severe Impairments on:
 - Community, Mood, Self-Harm, Substance Use, Thinking
 - Excludes youth with significant comorbidity

Improving Child Management Skills may be a potential initial treatment option: Consider

Generating Basic Outcomes for the CAFAS®

No calculators or computers needed!

Measures of CAFAS Outcomes

- Outcomes are...
 - Transparent
 - Easy to determine
- CAFAS outcomes can easily be done for
 - Total score (sum of each subscale)
 - Score for each 8 subscales
 - Remember, a higher CAFAS score indicates greater impairment
- To determine improvement, subtract last score from first score
 - Improvement is indicated by a positive outcome score

CAFAS ® Indicators in Action



=CAFAS Web-Hosted Program (FAS Outcomes)



CAFAS: Target Behaviors (Items), Strengths, Goals



For each subscale, there is an accompanying list of positive behaviors from which strengths & goals can be selected.

All Strengths and Goals	Add Strengths and Goals			≅ C		
School / Work			Stre	ngths: 0	Goals :	0
	Strength	Goal		Strength	Goal	
Is permitted to attend school	S1	G1	Enjoys praise from teachers	S21	G21	
Behavior at school is devoid of aggressive acts or threats	S2	G2	Likes going to school	S22	G22	
Attends more days than not	S3	G3	Completes school work	S23	G23	
Attends regularly	S4	G4	School grades are average or above	S24	G24	
Arrives to classes on time	S5	G5	Can transition from one activity to another	S25	G25	
Good behavior on the school bus	S6	G6	Stays on task (appropriate to age)	S26	G26	
Sent to school disciplinarians infrequently	S7	G7	Appreciates importance of learning academic skills	S27	G27	
No incidents of being sent to school disciplinarians	S8	G8	Feels good about school work	S28	G28	



Real Time Data for Practitioner

- As soon as an assessment is done, Practitioner has interpretive data to help decide service array.
- Organization can generate "Care Paths" which can guide service selection and intensity.
- EBTs are tracked

Score and Clinical Markers

What's this?

Total Youth Score 90

CAFAS Tier Behavior problems (without moderate mood)

Pervasive Behavioral Impairment

Severe impairments 0

Child Management (PMT)

CAFAS Tier Behavior problems (without moderate mood)

Present

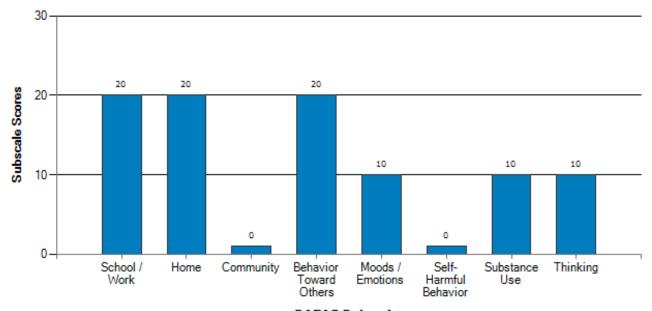
Consider



Real Time Dashboard for Each Child

Total Score	High Risk Behavior	Severe Impairments	Pervasive Impairment	CAFAS Tier	Child Management
90	•	•	•	Behavior problems (without moderate mood)	Consider

CAFAS ® Profile - Impairment Level for Each Subscale on Current Asssessment



CAFAS Subscales

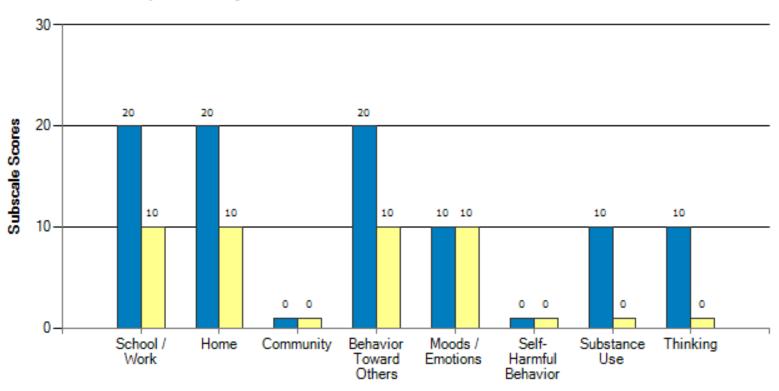


Dashboard Tracks Change Over Time

Can track progress during treatment; modify plan as needed

Initial - 04/13/2009 - (90)
Most Recent - 07/27/2009 - (40)

Impairment by Subscale: Initial and Most Recent Assessments



Family Engagement and Empowerment with the CAFAS

Family Report



One-page report for the family to take home.



Youth Strengths

- · Easily follows adult guidance
- · Will help do household "chores" when asked

- Benefits from assistance when problems arise
- Acknowledges substance use

Youth Goals

School / Work

· Does not disrupt learning of others

<u>Home</u>

Complies easily and routinely with adult requests

Substance Use

· No use of substances

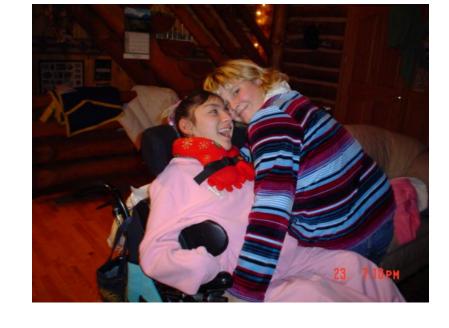
· Good behavior in classroom

The family uses the CAFAS® Scores to help them set the next goal

Home is down. GREAT!

School is still at 20.





Let's work on that next.

The Family is at the Center of Assessment

- CAFAS focuses on behavioral impairment rather than diagnosis
- Case manager and family identify...
 - Growth opportunities for youth
 - Pinpoint youth's strengths
 - Choose goals and identify services to achieve goals

Family-centered, Periodic Adjustments Help Achieve Goals

- With periodic assessments, family is part of ongoing review of service plan
 - Mid-course corrections can be made to plan
- CAFAS generates strengths-based progress reports
 - Families value these reports because they help sustain hope and look towards more progress in the future

Brochures for Parents and Youth: Encourage Active Involvement



Management and Supervision of Caseworkers/Practitioners

Purpose:

- Improve outcomes for families
- Deliver services in the most efficient and most helpful way for the family



Supervisor Dashboard: Family Needs

Proactively support staff and families

At a glance, can see the needs of families at intake

- Aggregated data (rolled-up for all families served)
- Drill down to individual youth-level information
 - Same information that is shared with families



Supervisor Dashboard: Youth Progress

At a glance, supervisors can easily identify youth who do not improve or whose functioning worsens

- Increase problem-solving with case worker and family with potential change in array of services, if needed
- Important: stop ineffective services while in treatment

JIFF ® – Juvenile Inventory for Functioning ®

The JIFF® Interview

- Self-administered
- Computer reads questions aloud
- Youth and Caregiver informant versions –
 both inquire about the youth's functioning
- Requires no formal trainings front line staff can administer
- Available in English and Spanish
- Derived from CAFAS
- Gives youth and caregivers a direct voice

JIFF® Subscales



At School/ Your Job



Your Feelings



At Home



Dealing with Bad Feelings



Family Life*



Alcohol & Drugs



You & Your Friends



Thinking



You & Your Neighborhood



Your Health*

Rapid Assessment Gives Family a Goal-based Plan



JIFF Interview (15 - 30 minutes)





JIFF Service Plan





JIFF Goes Home & to Provider

Demonstration



The JIFF Helps Families

- JIFF reports and service plans are based on youth and/or caregiver interview answers
- JIFF program "sets up" a one-page Service Plan that is completed by the practitioner and family
 - Specifies goals and assigns services for accomplishing each goal
- Identifies youth's needs for mental health, skill development, etc.
- Service Plan can be shared among collaborating agencies
 - Holds all agencies accountable to the family!!

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